

DEATH

وَقْتُ الْمَوْتِ

THE TIME OF DEATH

Allaah [s] has appointed for us a specific spot, a specific moment of the day, an exact second in which our souls will be taken - not a second earlier, and not a second later. It will come suddenly, without announcement.

(للموت أجل محدد) THERE IS AN APPOINTED TIME FOR DEATH

There is a destined time for death. It will come in time. No one can go beyond the appointed time which has been set by Allaah. Allaah has decreed the life spans (آجال) of His slaves. It is written with the Pen in Al-Lawh al-Mahfoodh (اللوح المحفوظ)

The angels write (and have written) whilst a person (المرء) is (and was) still in his mother's womb. No man can delay or bring forward what has been written for him. Every person who dies (مات), or is killed (قتل), or drowns (غرق), or falls from an airplane or car (قتل), or is burned to death (احترق), or dies for any other cause, dies (and has died) at the appointed time decreed by Allaah. Many texts indicate this.

Allaah (az) says:

{And no person can ever die

except by Allaah's Leave and at an appointed term ...}

(Aal-'Imraan, [003]: 145)

{Wheresoever you may be, death will overtake you

even if you are in fortresses built up strong and high! ...}

(An-Nisaa', [004]: 078)

{وَلِكُلِّ أُمَّةٍ أَجَلُ

{To every people is a term appointed:

when their term comes,

لاَ يَسْتَأْخِرُونَ سَاعَةً

neither can they delay it

وَلاَ يَسْتَقْدِمُونَ}

nor can they advance it an hour [or a moment].}

(Al-A'raaf, [007]: 034)

{قُلْ إِنَّ الْمَوْتَ الَّذِي تَفِرُّونَ مِنْهُ

{Say [to them]: 'Verily, the death from which you flee

فَإِنَّهُ مُلَاقِيكُمْ}

will surely meet you... '}

(Al-Jumu'ah, [062]: 008)

{نَحْنُ قَدَّرْنَا بَيْنَكُمُ الْمَوْتَ

{We have decreed death to you all,

وَمَا نَحْنُ بِمَسْبُوقِينَ}

and We are not outstripped.}

(Al-Waaqi'ah, [056]: 060)



A poet said:

"We walk the steps which are written for us.

Whoever is decreed to walk certain steps will do so.

Our provision is scattered,

So if a person's provision does not come to him, he will go and get it.

Whoever is decreed to die in a certain land,

Will never die in any other land."

Imaam Al-Qurtubi [r] said elsewhere:

"Imagine yourself, O' you who have been deceived by this world,

when the agony and stupor of death overwhelms you,

and you start moaning in the throes of death.

There will be some who will say:

'So and so had made a will,

and his wealth has been calculated'.

Others will say:

'So and so his tongue has become heavy' i.e. he can no longer speak,

he does not recognize his neighbours

and he does not speak to his brothers.

It is as if I can see you listening to these words

and unable to respond.

(Tadhkirat al-Qurtubi, p. 21.)

(THE TIME OF DEATH IS NOT KNOWN TO US) وقت الموت مجهول لنا

People have no knowledge of the time when death will come to them. That knowledge belongs to Allaah Alone, and it is one of the keys of the unseen, the knowledge of which Allaah has kept to Himself (التي استأثر الله بعلمها).

Allaah (az) says:

{And with Him are the keys of the *Ghayb* [all that is hidden],

none knows them but He ...}

(Al-An'aam, [006]: 059)

{Verily, Allaah, with Him [Alone] is the knowledge of the Hour,

He sends down the rain, and knows that which is in the wombs.

No person knows what he will earn tomorrow,

and no person knows in what land he will die.

Verily, Allaah is All-Knower, All-Aware [of things].}
(Luqmaan, [031]: 034)

'Abdullaah Ibn 'Umar [r] reported that the Messenger of Allaah (p) said:

"The keys of the unseen are five, and no one knows them except Allaah.

{Verily, Allaah, with Him [Alone] is the knowledge of the Hour,

He sends down the rain, and knows that which is in the wombs.

No person knows what he will earn tomorrow,

and no person knows in what land he will die.

Verily, Allaah is All-Knower, All-Aware [of things].}

(Luqmaan, [031]: 034)."

(Saheeh Al-Bukhaaree: Kitaab al-Istisqaa' and Kitaab at-Tafseer)

A group of the \underline{S} ahaabah reported that the Messenger of Allaah [p] said:

"When Allaah wants to take the soul of a person in a certain land,

He causes him to have a need there."

(Ahmad, Tirmidhi and others)

It is narrated that a Bedouin was travelling on his camel when it fell and died.

The Bedouin dismounted from his camel and started walking around it, pondering the matter, and saying,



"Why won't you get up?

مالك لا تنعث؟

Why won't you move?

هذه أعضاؤك كاملة،

Your limbs are all there,

وجوارحك سالمة.

your faculties are all sound.

ما شأنك؟

What is wrong with you?

ما الذي كان يحملك؟

What was it that made you alive and kept you moving?

ما الذي كان يبعثك؟

What called you forth?

ما الذي صرعك؟

What made you fall to the ground?

ما الذي عن الحركة منعك؟

What is stopping you from moving?

Then he went away, wondering at this matter.

(Tadhkirat Al-Qurtubiy,, p. 5)

Among the lessons taught by the scholars is that which was quoted in *Tadhkirat Al-Qurtubi*:

"Think, O' you who are deceived by this world, of death and its agonies,

how difficult and bitter a cup it is.

So woe to death, what a truthful promise it is!

How fair a judge it is!

Death is enough to fill the heart with fear,

and brings tears to the eyes,

to separates groups (of people),

and destroyer of pleasure,

and putting an end to hopes.

(Tadhkirat al-Qurtubi, p. 9.)

ONE SHOULD NOT WISH FOR DEATH

Anas (أُنَس) [r] reported that the Messenger of Allaah [p] said:

'None of you should wish for death

because of some harm that befalls him.

If he must wish for death,

let him say:

Allahumma ahyini maa kaanatil-hayatu khayran liy

"O Allaah! Keep me alive so long as life is good for me,

wa tawaffani idha kanati-l-wafaatu khayran liy

and cause me to die when death is good for me."

(Sunan an-Nasaa'i, 1821; Saheeh)

Aboo Hurayrah (أَبُو هُرَيْرَة) [r] narrated that the Messenger of Allaah [p] said:

"None of you should long for death,

إِمَّا مُحْسِنًا

for if he is a good man,

فَلَعَلَّهُ يَزْدَادُ،

he may increase his good deeds,

وَإِمَّا مُسِيئًا

and if he is an evil-doer,

فَلَعَلَّهُ يَسْتَعْتِبُ".

he may stop the evil deeds and repent."

(Saheeh Al-Bukhaariy, 7235)